

Biblical Hebrew 102

Introduction to Grammatical Concepts

Lesson 16 – *Additional Exercises*

שְׁעוֹר ט"ז¹

Additional Exercises



“Let the words of my mouth and the meditation of my heart
Be acceptable in
Your sight, O LORD, my rock and my Redeemer.”

Ps 19:14.

Additional Exercises

- 16.10: Vocabulary for exercises
- 16.11: Translate the following
- 16.12: Translate these verses
- 16.13: Answers to exercise 16:11
- 16.14: Answers to exercise 16:12

¹The alpha-numeric Hebrew numeral for 16 is written as ט"ז (9+7, rather than 10+6 in order not to use a form or part of the Name of God with the י')

Translation Exercises

16.10: Vocabulary for this exercise:

Proper nouns & nouns:

Abraham: אַבְרָהָם -- Noun-proper (masculine singular)

Torah: תּוֹרָה -- Noun (feminine singular)

Boy: יָלֵד -- Noun (masculine singular)

Truth: אֱמֶת -- Noun (feminine singular)

World: עוֹלָם -- Noun (masculine singular)

People: עַם -- Noun (masculine singular)

The house: הַבַּיִת -- Noun (masculine singular) + article “the”

The land: הָאָרֶץ -- Noun (feminine singular) + article “the”

The lands: הָאָרְצוֹת -- Noun (feminine plural) + article “the”

The peoples: הָעַמִּים -- Noun (masculine plural) + article “the”

Verbs: (in your “201 verb book,” refer to page 68 – Kal, the first “family”)

He walks: הוֹלֵךְ -- Verb (masculine singular)

She walks: הוֹלֶכֶת -- Verb (feminine singular)

Pronouns: (please refer to 16.03 for pronoun chart)

I or me: אֲנִי -- pronoun (1st person common [refers to either a male or a female] singular)

He: הוּא -- pronoun (3rd person masculine singular)

She: הִיא -- pronoun (3rd person feminine singular)

Prepositions: (please refer to 5.04 for preposition chart)

Beside: עַל-יָד

With: עִם

In front of or in the presence of: לְפָנַי

After or behind: אַחֲרָי

From or out of: מִן (when it is attached to a word, it is "מִן")

Between: בֵּין

On, above, upon, or about: עַל

To, toward, into, or for: אֶל (when it is attached to a word, it is "לְ")

Like, as, similar to, or because: כְּמוֹ (when it is attached to a word, it is ("כְּ"))

Misc words:

There is or there are: יֵשׁ

There is not or there is none; or there are not: אֵין

16.11: Translate the following

Examples:

- i. אָנִי עַל-יַד יֶלֶד – ‘I am beside a boy.’
(REMINDER: when a Hebrew sentence has no verb, a form of the verb “to be” may be added when translating that sentence into English. In the example above, “am” is inserted when translating it into English.)
- ii. אָנִי לְפָנֵי יֶלֶד - I am in front of a boy. (Again, “am” is added when translating it into English.)

Translate the following sentences: (note: vocabulary is on previous page, 15.10)

- i. **Verbs:** (in your *201 verb book*, refer to page 68 – Kal, present tense.)

Note Hebrew present tense verbs are not conjugated according to person, but simply:

- i. masculine singular (example: he walks)
- ii. feminine singular (example: she walks)
- iii. masculine plural (example: they walk)
- iv. feminine plural example they walk)

Examples with Hebrew words:

- i. Masculine walks: הוֹלֵךְ -- Verb (masculine singular)
- ii. Feminine walks, example she walks: הוֹלֶכֶת -- Verb (feminine singular)
- iii. Masculine plural walk, example they walk: הוֹלְכִים -- Verb (masculine plural)

Answers on 15:13

1. אָנִי עִם יֶלֶד _____ (add “am”)
2. אָנִי אַחֲרֵי יֶלֶד _____
3. תּוֹרָה מִן יֶלֶד _____
4. הוּא הוֹלֵךְ מִן הַבַּיִת _____
5. הוּא הוֹלֵךְ עַל הָאָרֶץ _____
6. הוּא הוֹלֵךְ בֵּין הָאָרְצוֹת _____
7. הוּא הוֹלֵךְ לְפָנֵי הַבַּיִת _____
8. לְפָנֵי הַהַג _____
9. לְפָנֵי שַׁבָּת _____
10. הוּא הוֹלֵךְ אֶל הַבַּיִת _____
11. הִיא הוֹלְכֶת אֶל בַּיִת _____
12. הִיא הוֹלְכֶת אֶל הַבַּיִת _____
13. הִיא הוֹלְכֶת אֶל הָאָרֶץ _____
14. הִיא הוֹלְכֶת אֶל הָאָרְצוֹת _____
15. הֵם הוֹלְכִים מִן אֶרֶץ _____
16. הֵם הוֹלְכִים מִן הָאָרֶץ _____
17. הוּא הוֹלֵךְ כְּמוֹ מְלֶךְ _____
18. הוּא הוֹלֵךְ כְּמֶלֶךְ _____

19. אין כְּאַבְרָהָם _____
20. אין מְלָכִים בְּאַרְץ _____
21. אין אֲמַת בְּעוֹלָם _____
22. אֶל אָבִינוּ _____
23. בֵּין הָעַמִּים _____
24. בְּשָׁלוֹם _____
25. כְּתוּרָה _____
26. מִשָּׁה מֶלֶךְ _____
27. אֶתְּהָ אָב _____
28. אֶתְּהָ מֶלֶךְ _____
29. אֲנִי אָב _____
30. יִשְׂרָאֵל עִם _____
31. אֲנִי מֶלֶךְ _____
32. שְׁמַע יִשְׂרָאֵל יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ יְהוָה אֶחָד _____
33. הוּא אָב _____
34. הִיא אִם _____
35. הוּא הָאָב _____
36. הִיא הָאִם _____
37. אֶתְּהָ מֶלֶךְ _____
38. אֶתְּ אִם _____
39. אֶתְּהָ הַמֶּלֶךְ _____
40. זֶה הָעַם _____
41. אֶתְּ שָׂרָה _____
42. הִיא הָאִם _____
43. מִי _____
44. הֵן הָאִמְהוֹת _____
45. וְהֵם הַמְּלָכִים _____
46. הָאִמְהוֹת שָׂרָה וְלֵאָה וְהָאִבּוֹת מִשָּׁה וְאַבְרָהָם _____
47. יְהִנֵּה יְמֶלֶךְ לְעָלָם וָעֶד: _____ (Ex 15:18; יְמֶלֶךְ pg 182; future)

16.12: TRANSLATE THESE VERSES

1. Read these verses & find your answers in Scripture
2. Identify any words you recognize – write the definition of the word above the word
3. Look for prepositions – write the definition of the preposition above

4. Label articles (“the”)

1. **יְהוָה אֶחָד**? _____ (Deut 6:4b, from the Shema)
2. **יְהוָה אֶל-מִנְשֵׁה וְאֶל-אַהֲרֹן**? _____ (Num 19:2b)

16.13 Answers to 16:11:

1. I am with a boy.
2. I am after a boy.
3. A Torah is from a boy. (NOTE: “is” is understood.)
4. He walks from the house.
5. He walks on the land.
6. He walks between the lands.
7. He walks in front of the house.
8. Before the festival.
9. Before Shabbat.
10. He walks to the house.
11. She walks to a house.
12. She walks to the house.
13. She walks to the land.
14. She walks to the lands.
15. They walk from a land.
16. They walk from the land. (NOTE: this preposition is a stand-alone preposition.)
17. He walks like a king. (NOTE: this preposition is a stand-alone preposition.)
18. He walks like a king. (NOTE: this preposition is a dependent preposition.)
19. There is none like Abraham.
20. There are no kings in the land.
21. There is no truth in a world.
22. To our father.
23. Between the people.
24. In peace.
25. Like a Torah.
26. Moshe is king.
27. You are a father.
28. You are a king.
29. I am a father.
30. Israel is a people (or nation).
31. I am a king.
32. Hear, O Israel, YHVH is our God; YHVH is one.
33. He is a father.
34. She is a mother.
35. He is the father.
36. She is the mother.
37. You are a king.
38. You are a mother.
39. You are the king.
40. This is the people.
41. You are Sarah.
42. She is the mother.
43. Who
44. They are the mothers.
45. And they are the kings.

46. The mothers are Sarah and Leah & the fathers are Moshe and Abraham.
47. YHVH shall reign forever and ever. (Ex 15:18)

16.14 Answers to 16:12:

1. YHVH is one
2. YHVH to Moses & to Aaron